

Ultra-stable, high precision (ppm class) fluxgate technology DS Series current transducer for non-intrusive, isolated DC and AC current measurement up to 150A







Features

Linearity error maximum 8 ppm

Fluxgate, closed loop compensated technology with fixed excitation frequency and second harmonic zero flux detection for best in class accuracy and stability

Industry standard DSUB 9 pin connection

Green diode for normal operation indication

Full aluminum body for superior EMI shielding and extended operating temperature range

Large aperture \$\phi 27.6mm\$ for cables and bus bars

Applications:

MPS for particles accelerators

Gradient amplifiers for MRI devices

Stable power supplies

Precision drives

Batteries testing and evaluation systems

Power measurement and power analysis

Current calibration purposes

Specification highlights	Symbol	Unit	Min	Тур	Max
Nominal primary AC current	I _{PN} AC	Arms			50
Nominal primary DC current	I _{PN} DC	А	-75		75
Measuring range	Î _{PM}	А	-150		150
Primary / secondary ratio	n1 : n2		1:500		1:500
Linearity error	\mathcal{E}_{L}	ppm	-8		8
Offset current (including earth field)	I _{OE}	ppm	-80		80
DC-10Hz Overall accuracy @25°C (= \mathcal{E}_L + I_{OE})	acc8	ppm	-88		88
AC Maximum gain error 10Hz to 5kHz	EG	%			±0.04
Operating temperature range	Та	°C	-40		85
Power supply voltages	Uc	V	±14.25		±15.75

All ppm (or %) values refer to nominal current



DS50ID

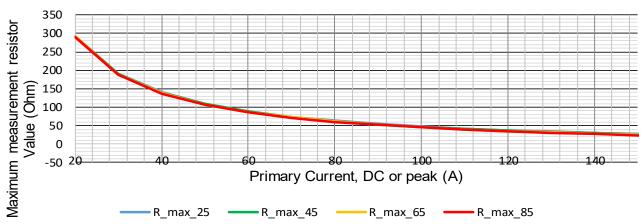
Electrical specifications at Ta=23°C, supply voltage = ± 15V unless otherwise stated

Parameter		Symbol	Unit	Min	Тур.	Max	Comment
Nominal primary AC cur	rent	I _{PN} AC	Arms			75	Refer to fig. 1 & 2 for derating
Nominal primary DC cui	rrent	I _{PN} DC	Α	-75		75	Refer to fig. 1 for derating
Measuring range		I _{PM}	Α	-150		150	Refer to fig. 1 & 2 for derating
Overload capacity		Î _{OL}	Α			1500	Non-measured, 100ms
Nominal secondary curr	ent	I _{SN}	mΑ	-150		150	At nominal primary DC current
Primary / secondary rati	io	0.,		1:500		1:500	
Measuring resistance		R_{M}	Ω	0		12	Refer to fig. 1 for details
1: "			ppm	-8		8	ppm refers to nominal current
Linearity error		?∟	μΑ	-1.2		1.2	μA refers to secondary current
Offset current		la-	ppm	-80		80	ppm refers to nominal current
(including earth field)		l _{OE}	μΑ	-12		12	μA refers to secondary current
DC-10Hz Overall accura	acy @25°C (= ?L+	acc?	ppm	-88		88	ppm refers to nominal DC current
Offset temperature		TC _{IOE}	ppm/K	-0.4		0.4	ppm refers to nominal current
coefficient		I CIOE	μA/K	-0.06		0.06	μA refers to secondary current
Bandwidth		f(-3dB)	kHz	1000			Small signal, graphs figure 3
Amplitude error	10Hz –5kHz					0.01%	
	5kHz -100kHz	?G	%			1.00%	% refers to nominal current
DI 1.0	100kHz - 1000kHz					20.00%	
Phase shift	10Hz –5kHz 5kHz -100kHz	θ	o			0.1° 0.5°	
	100kHz - 1000kHz					5.0°	
Response time to a step		tr @ 90%	μs		1	0.0	di/dt = 100A/µs
Noise	0 - 100Hz					0.08	
	0 - 1kHz					0.16	
	0 - 10kHz	noise	ppm rms			1.60	Measured on secondary current
	0 - 100kHz					6.00	
Fluxgate excitation frequ	iency	f_{Exc}	kHz		32.5		
Induced rms voltage on	primary conductor		μVrms			5	
Power supply voltages		Uc	V	±14.25		±15.75	
Positive current consum	ption	lps	mA	93	97	104	Add Is (if Is is positive)
Negative current consur	nption	Ins	mA	85	91	96	Add ls (if ls is negative)
Operating temperature r	range	Та	°C	-40		85	
Stability							
Offset stability over time			ppm /	-0.8		0.8	ppm refers to nominal current
			month	-0.12		0.12	μA refers to secondary current
Offset change with verti- field	cal external magnetic		μΑ/mT		2.4	9.6	(perpendicular to bus bar) μA refers to secondary current
Offset change with horiz	zontal external		μΑ/mT		9.6	24	(parallel to bus bar) μA refers to secondary current
Offset change with power changes	er supply voltage		μΑ/V		0.048	0.48	μA refers to secondary current
Offset change with abso voltages tracking	plute power supply		μΑ/V		0.144	0.48	μA refers to secondary current



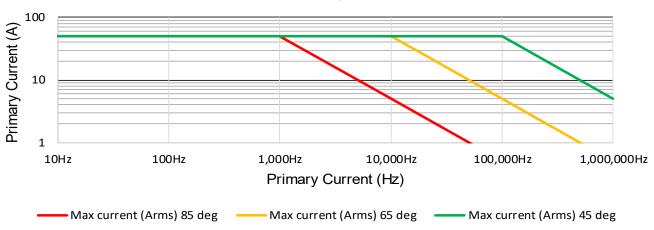
Measurement resistor RM and ambient temperature derating (Fig. 1)





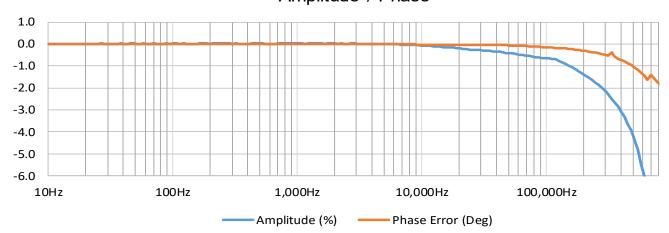
Frequency and ambient temperature derating (Fig. 2)

Maximum primary current A_{rms}



Frequency characteristics (Fig. 3)

Amplitude / Phase





Isolation specifications

Parameter	Unit	Value	
Clearance	mm	9	
Creepage distance	mm	10	
Comparative tracking index (CTI)	V	> 600	
Rms voltage for AC isolation test, 50/60 Hz, 1 min - Between primary and (secondary and shield) - Between secondary and shield	kV	5.7 0.2	
Impulse withstand voltage (1.2/50µs)	kV	10.4	
Rated rms isolation voltage reinforced isolation, overvoltage category III, Pollution degree 2 according to - IEC 61010-1 - EN50780	V	300 600	

Absolute maximum ratings

Parameter	Unit	Max	Comment
Primary	kA	1.5	Maximum 100ms
Power supply	V	±16.5	

Environmental and mechanical characteristics

Parameter	Unit	Min	Тур	Max	Comment
Ambient operating temperature range	°C	-40		85	
Storage temperature range	°C	-40		85	
Relative humidity	%	20		80	Non-condensing
Mass	kg		0.6		
Connections	Power supplies: D-SUB 9 pins male				
Standards	EN 61326-1 EMC EN 61010-1:2010 Safety				



DS50ID

Advanced Sensor Protection Circuits "ASPC"

Developed to protect the current transducer from typical fault conditions:

- Unit is un-powered and secondary circuit is open or closed
- Unit is powered and secondary circuit is open or interrupted

Both DC and AC primary current up to 100% of nominal value can be applied to the current transducers in the above situations without damage to the electronics.

Please notice that the sensor core can be magnetized in all above cases, leading to a small change in output offset current (less than 10ppm)

Status pins

When transducer is operating in normal condition, the status pins (3 and 8) are shorted.

Status pins properties: - forward direction pin 8 to pin 3, maximum forward current 10mA

- maximum forward voltage 60V, maximum reverse voltage 5V

Accessories

4-channel power supplies unit for connection up to 4xDL2000 : DSSIU-4
6-channel power supplies unit for connection up to 6xDL2000 : DSSIU-6

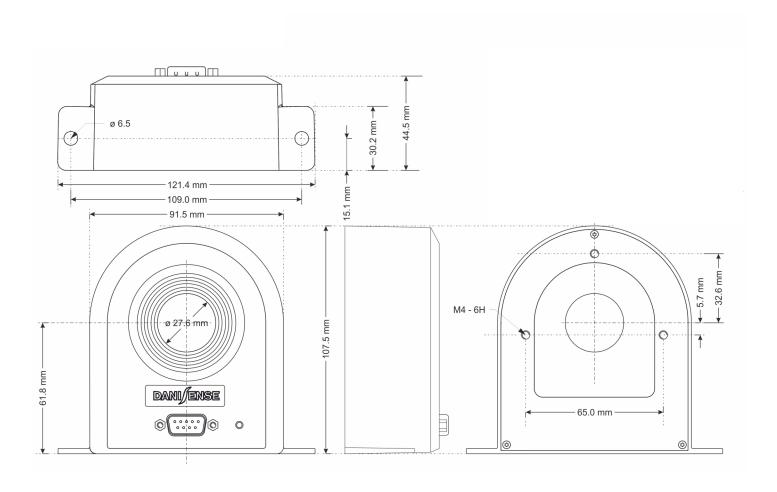
Transducer cables in 5 lengths (2m - 5m - 10m - 15m - 20m):
 DSUB2 - DSUB5 - DSUB10 - DSUB15 -

DSUB20

Transducer cable 3m for connection to end-user's power supply: Transducer cable for lab PS

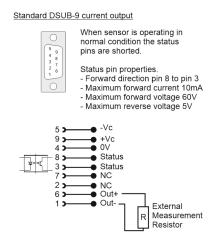
(with access to current output via \$4 banana jacks)

Please visit Danisense homepage for relevant datasheets



(general tolerance 0.3mm unless otherwise stat-

DSUB pin layout



Positive current direction

Is identified by an arrow on the transducer body

Mounting instructions

- Base plate mounting
- Back side panel mounting

2 holes φ6.5 2 x M5 steel screws / 6N.m 3 holes φ4.0 x 6H 3 x M4 steel screw / 4N.m