



Advanced Test Equipment Rentals
www.atecorp.com 800-404-ATEC (2832)



KONICA MINOLTA

Spectroradiometer **CS-2000/2000A**

The world's top-level capability spectroradiometers make further advances with addition of second model to lineup.

15



Pierce through the darkness.

CS-2000A Spectroradiometer

World's top level capability to detect extremely low luminance

World's top level capability to detect extremely low luminance

* As a polychromator type spectroradiometer (As of March 2014)

1,000,000:1 contrast measurement is now possible!

* When the peak luminance is 500 cd/m²

CS-2000A

Opening the curtain on a new age in which people can experience theater ambiance with their home televisions. The Spectroradiometer CS-2000A enables high-accuracy mega-contrast measurements of the extremes from delicate shadows to glittering wavefronts which are key to image reproduction performance. This newest addition to the Konica Minolta lineup will contribute greatly to research and development as well as quality control of the most advanced FPDs.

0.0005 cd/m² opens new worlds

With an additional decimal place of performance in measuring low luminosity even compared to our CS-2000, which was awarded the ADY 2008 grand prize, the CS-2000A helps open up a new stage of display development by enabling the measurement of contrast ratios up to 1 million to 1*1 which is being targeted by the latest FPD technology.

*1 Maximum luminance 500 cd/m²



Measurement example:
Measurement of an organic EL illumination panel during development

Instruments that push the extreme boundaries of practical application and cost performance to support design and development work.

CS-2000

Highly accurate measurement of luminances as low as 0.003 cd/m²

Konica Minolta's original optical design and signal-processing technologies provide accurate measurement of luminance/chromaticity down to extremely low luminances of 0.003 cd/m².

Low-luminance measurements: From 0.003 cd/m²
Measurement accuracy: ±2% (Luminance)

Quick measurements even at low luminance

Designed to thoroughly eliminate mechanical and electrical noise factors, the CS-2000 makes quick measurements with good repeatability possible even at low luminance levels.

Measurement time for 1 cd/m²:
Approx. 5 sec. (FAST mode)

* Konica Minolta's previous model CS-1000: Approx. 123 sec.

Low polarization error

The polarization error generated when using a reflection-type diffraction grating has been minimized to 2% (measuring angle: 1°). This ensures more stable measurements of display devices that use polarization, such as LCDs.

Half bandwidth of 5 nm

A half bandwidth of 5 nm, which is required for colorimetry (JIS Z 8724-1997, CIE122-1996), is ensured for the entire wavelength range, allowing accurate chromaticity measurements.

Selectable measuring angle for measurement of tiny areas

The CS-2000 enables you to select the optimum measuring angle according to the application.

Measuring angle selection: 1°, 0.2°, 0.1°

Minimum measuring area: ø0.1 mm (when the optional close-up lens is attached)

Practical design

- The operating temperature range of 5 to 35°C ensures reliable operation at temperatures in actual work environments.
- Measurement can be started after a warm-up time of only 30 seconds. (Measuring angle: 1°; Target luminance: 5 cd/m² or more; 23°C)

Stable measurement even of periodic light sources

1. Internal synchronization measurement

Measurement at numerically-input frequency

2. External synchronization measurement

Measurement with line input of vertical synchronization signal to instrument

3. Multi-integration mode measurement

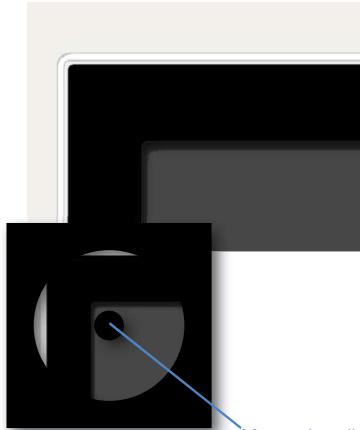
Measurement for reducing variations due to unsynchronized measurements or synchronized measurements of sources having irregular light-emission cycles

Measurements of various objects are possible by selecting the best-suited measuring angle.

1° is suitable for

Typical targets such as middle- and large-size display units

- LCD, PDP, or EL display panels
- LCD panels of cellular phones and digital cameras
- Radar and other instrument panels used in airplane cockpits
- Large outdoor display screens



Measuring diameter viewed through viewfinder

0.2° is suitable for

Small light sources such as LEDs

- Car audio systems
- Instrument panels for automobiles
- Lamps, fluorescent tube backlights, and other light sources



0.1° is suitable for

Extremely small light sources or distant lights

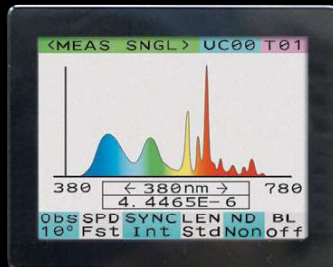
- PDP or LCD pixels
- Cold-cathode tubes
- Brake lamps of automobiles
- Traffic signals



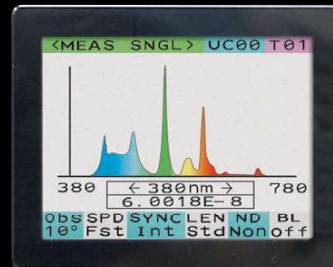
LCD pixels

Measurement Examples

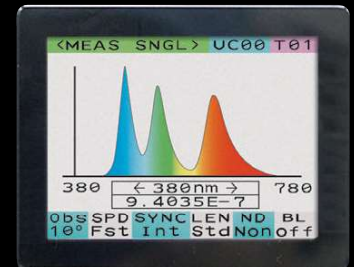
PDP



LCD



Organic EL



Close-up lens for measurement of even tinier areas

(Optional accessory)

Optional close-up lens allows measurements of areas as tiny as $\phi 0.1$ mm. Not only general display units but also small targets can be measured.



■ Measuring distance vs. measuring area

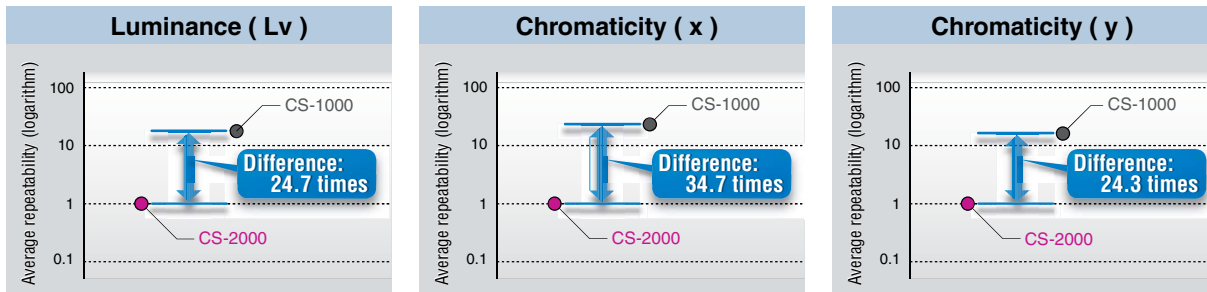
(Units: mm)

Measuring distance		Measuring angle		
		1°	0.2°	0.1°
When a close-up lens is attached	55.0	$\phi 1.00$	$\phi 0.20$	$\phi 0.10$
	70.9	$\phi 1.39$	$\phi 0.28$	$\phi 0.14$
	350	$\phi 5.00$	$\phi 1.00$	$\phi 0.50$
	500	$\phi 7.78$	$\phi 1.56$	$\phi 0.78$
	1,000	$\phi 16.66$	$\phi 3.33$	$\phi 1.67$
	2,000	$\phi 34.18$	$\phi 6.84$	$\phi 3.42$

* The measuring distance is the distance from the objective lens or the end of the metal frame of the close-up lens.

Comparison of repeatability

* Comparison with Konica Minolta's previous model CS-1000 for target luminance of 0.1 cd/m²
 * The y-axis indicates the logarithm when the average of the CS-2000 measured values is assumed to be 1.



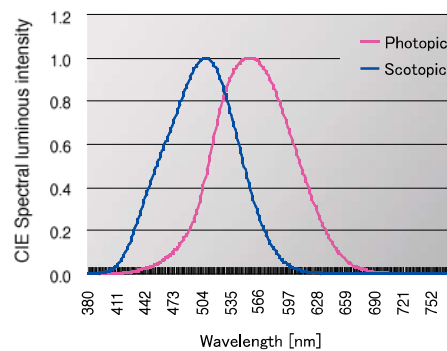
High repeatability achieved by an instrument design which thoroughly eliminated mechanical and electrical noise factors.

Scotopic vision measurement

It is known that the sensitivity of human vision shifts to blue region in dark environments, but past instruments did not have scotopic measurement function. CS-2000A achieves sufficient capability to make it possible with CS-S10w Professional (standard accessory).

Scotopic vision

In the human eye, there are 2 types of photoreceptor cells, which are cone cells and rod cells. Cone cells are sensitive to color and rod cells are sensitive to only brightness. As brightness decreases, the activity of rod cells becomes stronger, and the condition in which only rod cells are working is called scotopic vision. The peak of spectral luminous efficiency of scotopic vision is shifted toward blue from the green peak of photopic vision (vision under brighter conditions) and thus blue objects are perceived to be brighter.



Measured luminance vs. Measurement times

(Units: sec.)

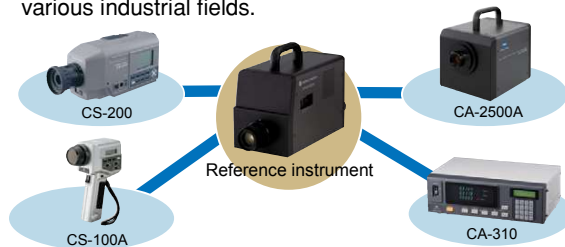
Luminance (cd/m ²)	NORMAL mode	FAST mode
0.003	243	35
0.01	243	35
0.1	155	27
1	19	5
10	4	4
300	3.7	3.7

Measurement subject: Standard light source A

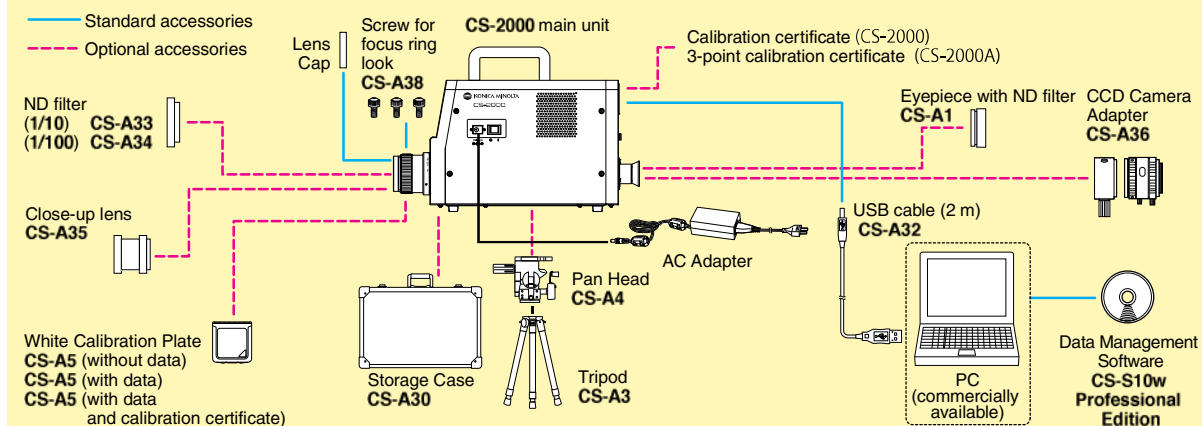
* All time indications are approximate values.

Using as a reference instrument

CS-2000/CS-2000A can be used as a reference instrument for Konica Minolta's Illuminance Meters in various industrial fields.

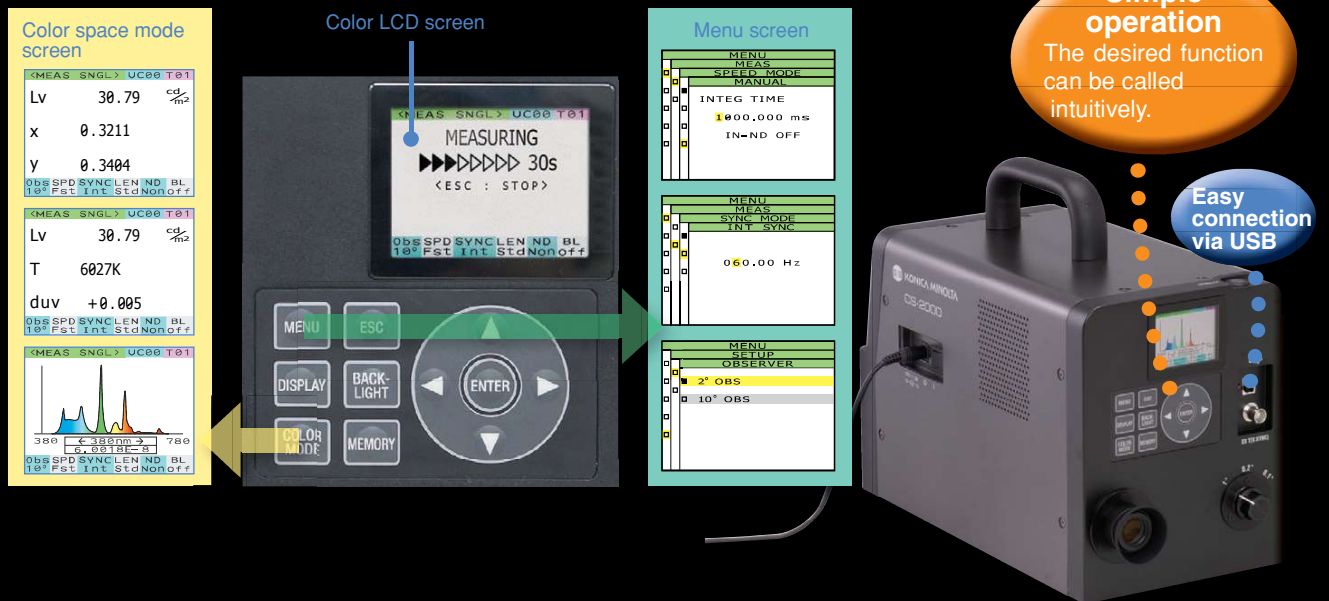


System Diagram



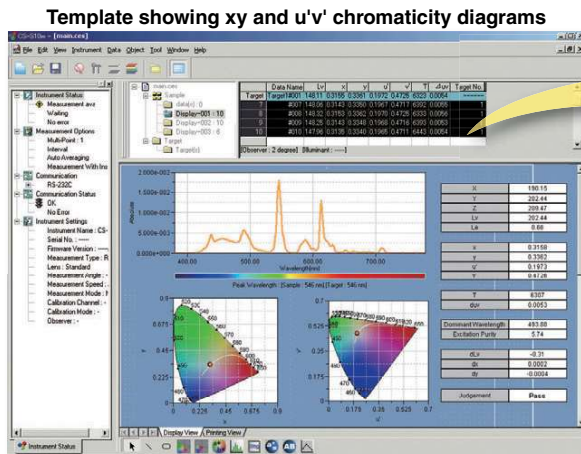
Easy operation with color LCD screen and simple operation panel

The color LCD screen and operation panel are located at the rear of the instrument. The simply arranged operation panel enables intuitive selection of necessary functions.

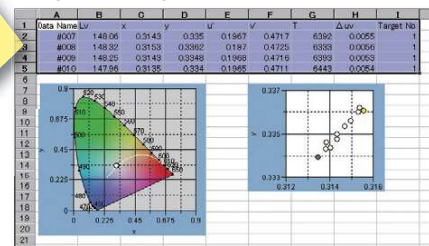


Data Management Software CS-S10w Professional (standard accessory)

With this software, the CS-2000 and CS-2000A can be controlled from a personal computer to display measured data in various graphs or lists, to transfer data to spreadsheet software, or to copy-and-paste data. CS-S10w offers various data management, analysis and evaluation options to assist in research and development or quality control.



Multiple data objects can be copied and pasted to spreadsheet software.



- Windows® is a trademark or registered trademark of Microsoft Corporation in the USA and other countries.
- Pentium® is a trademark of Intel Corporation in the USA and other countries.

Display	Spectral graph, spectral data list, chromaticity diagram
Color space	$L_x y$, $L_u'v'$, $L_T uv$, XYZ, dominant wavelength, excitation purity, scotopic luminosity
Calculation	Four basic arithmetic operations and function processing of spectral data
Mode selection	Normal mode, contrast mode, RGB mode, RGB & contrast mode, object color mode
Instrument control	Averaging measurement, interval measurement, user calibration
Data management	Reading/saving files; managing data by using folders; creating, saving and reading templates with various graphs designed and laid-out by users; displaying data with graphs
Data evaluation	Observer/illuminant setting, color rendering property evaluation, statistic value display for each folder, box tolerance setting, multiple point setting for display evaluation, non-uniformity (mura) display, contrast display, polygonal tolerance setting

System requirements

OS	Windows® XP Professional 32 bit SP3, 64 bit SP2 Windows® 7 Professional 32 bit, 64 bit Windows® 8 Pro 32 bit, 64 bit
CPU	Pentium® III 600 MHz equivalent or faster
Memory	128 MB or more (256 MB or more recommended)
Hard disk	60 MB or more of free space for installation
Display	1,024 x 768, 256 colors minimum
Other	CD-ROM drive for installation, USB port for instrument connection

